

The mainly airborne conidia without color (hyalospore).

Botrytis

Parasitic moulds of vineyards, growth on grape fruits as a characteristic grey mould.

The sporulation is from April to November.

General description of conidia: conidia 1-celled, smooth, cylindrical to spheroids of color light, hyaline.

Dimensions: 10-15 x 6-10 µm



Other conidia very similar to *Botrytis* for conidia morphology, behaviour, host plant and growth conditions are *Oidium* and *Peronospora*, but their conidia are bigger in dimensions.

Oidium



Peronospora



References

- 1) Plates 6, 7: Gregory P.H. "Microbiology of the atmosphere". Leonard Hill, UK pp: 300-304, 1973.
- 2) All conidia photos are original made from Tedeschini Emma.